

Attachment A

Recommended Conditions of Consent
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SCHEDULE 1

CONDITIONS OF CONSENT

PART A - GENERAL

(1) APPROVED DEVELOPMENT

- (a) Development must be in accordance with Development Application Number D/2021/1531 dated 29 December 2021 and the following drawings prepared by Boffa Robertson Group:

Drawing Number	Drawing Name	Date
DA01 E	Demolition Plans	10 August 2022
DA02 E	Proposed Floor Plans	10 August 2022
DA03 E	Reflected Ceiling Plans	10 August 2022
DA04 E	Elevations & Section	10 August 2022

and as amended by the conditions of this consent.

- (b) In the event of any inconsistency between the approved plans and supplementary documentation, the plans will prevail.

Reason

To ensure all parties are aware of the approved plans and supporting documentation that applies to the development.

(2) EXISTING STAIRCASE - NO WORKS APPROVED

No consent is granted or implied for any works to the existing staircase, which must remain unaltered.

Reason

To ensure that the existing staircase does not comprise any part of the approved development works.

(3) DESIGN MODIFICATIONS

The design of the development must be modified as follows:

- (a) An internal privacy solution for the window and door openings to the consultation room on the ground floor is to be shown on drawings at a scale of 1:20 or 1:50 that is sympathetic to the heritage character of the building. This is not to include obscure glazing.

The modifications are to be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager or Area Coordinator prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

Reason

To require amendments to the approved plans and supporting documentation following assessment of the development.

(4) DESIGN DETAILS

The following design details must be provided as follows:

- (a) Lift design, construction and materials details, drawn at a scale of 1:20.
- (b) Detailed and dimensioned sections/elevations drawn at a scale of 1:20, including the design of the proposed moveable partitions over the bar counter, and installation details including support required to install partitions across the bar counter.
- (c) Details of the adaptation of the existing set of swing doors on Victoria Street to be accessibly compliant doors like for like in architectural style and detail to the existing and adjacent doors, drawn at a scale of 1:20.

The modifications are to be submitted to and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager or Area Coordinator prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.

Reason

To require the provision of additional design details and supporting documentation following assessment of the development.

(5) GENERAL HERITAGE

- (a) The proposed works are to be carried out in a manner that minimises demolition, alterations and new penetrations/fixings to the significant fabric of the existing building which is listed as a Heritage Item.
- (b) The fabric and features to be retained by the proposal must be properly protected during the process of demolition and construction. The protection measures are to be specified in the construction management plan.
- (c) All conservation and adaptation works are to be in accordance with the Articles of the Australian ICOMOS Burra Charter 2013.
- (d) New services are to be surface mounted rather than chased-in to existing walls to minimise impact on heritage fabric.
 - (i) New services must use existing service runs;
 - (ii) Where this is not possible, details of an alternative solution must be shown on drawings at a suitable scale and submitted and approved

by Council's Urban Design and Heritage Manager / Area Planning Manager prior to the issue of any Construction Certificate.

- (e) Appropriately qualified tradespersons (as appropriate) are to be commissioned who are skilled in traditional building and engineering trades to carry out the proposed scope of works.
- (f) The new windows and doors on the existing building must match the original materials.
- (g) The face brickwork/stone/tiles must not be rendered, painted or coated.
- (h) Where internal partitions meet external walls they must abut window mullions, columns or other such building elements and not glazing.

Reason

To ensure that the development does not result in adverse heritage impacts.

(6) MATERIALS FOR MAKING GOOD

New materials for making good and repairs, are to match the existing in terms of colours, finishes, sizes, profile and properties.

Reason

To ensure appropriate materials and finishes are used.

(7) EXTERNAL LIGHTING - SEPARATE DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION REQUIRED

A separate development application is required to be lodged and approved prior to any external floodlighting or illumination of the building or site landscaping.

Reason

To clarify that consent has not been granted for the external floodlighting or illumination of the development.

(8) AIR CONDITIONERS GENERALLY

No air-conditioning equipment is to be visible from the public domain. Equipment and associated wiring must:

- (a) Not be located on awnings or attached to the face of the building
- (b) Not be located on roofs in such a way that it is visible from any street, footpath or park
- (c) Be visually screened if located 1.8 metres above ground level in other locations
- (d) Wiring must be fully concealed.

Reason

To ensure the visual impact of air conditioners is minimised.

(9) NO AIR CONDITIONING UNITS TO FACADE OR BALCONIES OF BUILDING

Approval is not granted for the installation of any individual air conditioning units to the facade or balconies of the building.

Reason

To clarify the scope of the consent.

(10) PARTITION WALLS

Where internal partitions meet external walls they must abut window mullions, columns or other such building elements and not glazing.

Reason

To ensure an appropriate design outcome.

(11) SWINGING DOORS OVER PUBLIC WAY

Any access doors to enclosures housing building services and facilities, such as hydrant and sprinkler booster assemblies or the like, must not open over the footway/roadway.

Reason

To ensure no element of the development obstructs the use of the public way.

(12) NO OBSTRUCTIONS

All public footways and paths of travel must be free from obstructions. If services are required to be relocated to clear paths of travel then this must be undertaken at the developer's expense. All obstructions are to be removed prior to the issue of any Occupation Certificate.

Reason

To ensure there are no obstructions on public footways and paths of travel.

(13) SIGNAGE STRATEGY

A separate development application is to be submitted seeking approval of a signage strategy for the building. The signage strategy development application must include information and scale drawings of the location, type, construction, materials and total number of signs appropriate for the building.

Reason

To require separate consent to be obtained for a signage strategy.

(14) SIGNAGE - SEPARATE DEVELOPMENT APPLICATION REQUIRED

A separate development application for any signage (other than exempt or complying signage) must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to the erection or display of any such signage

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To require separate consent to be obtained for any signage.

(15) SIGNS/GOODS IN THE PUBLIC WAY

No signs or goods are to be placed on the footway or roadway adjacent to the property.

Reason

To ensure the public domain is kept free from physical obstructions.

(16) PRESERVATION AND REINSTATEMENT OF PUBLIC ASSETS

The developer must ensure that all existing public assets are retained and preserved for the duration of development works.

Any damage caused to public assets as a result of development works, including but not limited to damage to footpath, kerb and gutter, signage, survey marks, street furniture, utility pit lids, lighting, street trees and adjacent carriageways are to be rectified to Council's satisfaction.

Any rectification works must be completed in accordance with Council's specifications and requirements prior to the use of the development commencing.

Reason

To ensure that the public domain is preserved for the duration of development works.

(17) TACTILE GROUND SURFACE INDICATORS AND HANDRAILS

All tactile ground surface indicators, handrails and other elements required to provide access into the building / property must be located entirely within the private property boundary.

Reason

To ensure ground surface indicators, handrails and other elements required to provide access into the building/property are appropriately located.

(18) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT

The proposal must comply with the relevant provisions of Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018* which requires facilities to

promote the efficient storage, separation, collection and handling of waste to maximise resources recovery.

Reason

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed.

PART B – BEFORE THE ISSUE OF A CONSTRUCTION CERTIFICATE

(19) BCA COMPLIANCE – ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS – UPGRADE OF BUILDING IS REQUIRED

- (a) Pursuant to Clause 94 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation, 2000*, the whole building must comply with the following Parts of the Building Code of Australia (BCA):
- (i) Fire resistance and stability – Part C1;
 - (ii) Compartmentation and separation – Part C2;
 - (iii) Protection of openings – Part C3;
 - (iv) Provision for escape – Part D1;
 - (v) Construction of exits – Part D2;
 - (vi) Fire fighting equipment – Part E1; and
 - (vii) Smoke hazard management – Part E2.
 - (viii) Visibility in an emergency, exit signs and warning systems – Part E4.
- (b) If compliance with the conditions listed in (a) above cannot be achieved through the deemed-to-satisfy pathway, a performance solution in accordance with Part A2 of the BCA must be prepared and submitted to the Registered Certifier illustrating how the relevant performance provisions are to be satisfied, and must form part of the approval prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

Reason

To ensure the works comply with relevant regulations.

(20) STRUCTURAL CERTIFICATION FOR DESIGN – BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA (ALL BUILDING CLASSES)

Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate, structural details and a Structural Certificate for Design by a qualified practising structural engineer and in accordance with Clause A5.2(1)(e) of the Building Code of Australia must be submitted to the satisfaction of the Accredited Certifier.

Reason

To ensure structural certification is undertaken.

(21) STRUCTURAL CERTIFICATION FOR EXISTING BUILDING – ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS

A qualified practising registered structural engineer must provide structural certification to Council (where Council is the Accredited Certifier) verifying that the existing structure can adequately support the proposed new loads and the

structural design complies with the Structural Provisions of Part B1 (Vol 1) and Part 2.1 (Vol 2) of the *Building Code of Australia* prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

Reason

To ensure the existing structure can support the new loads.

(22) BICYCLE PARKING AND END OF TRIP FACILITIES

- (a) The minimum number of bicycle parking spaces and end of trip facilities to be provided for the development must comply with the table below.

Bicycle Parking Type	Number	Requirements
Non-residential	4	Spaces must be Class 2 bicycle facilities
End of Trip Facility Type	Number	
Showers with change area	1	
Personal lockers	4	

Notes:

- (i) If a basement storage area on title that is large enough to store a bike and is no smaller than a class 1 bike locker this can be counted as a space.
- (b) The layout, design and security of bicycle facilities must comply with the minimum requirements of Australian Standard AS 2890.3 Parking Facilities Part 3: Bicycle Parking Facilities. The details must be submitted to and approved by the Accredited Certifier confirming prior to and form part of the Construction Certificate being issued.

Reason

To ensure the allocation of bicycle parking is in accordance with Australian Standards and Section 3.11.3 of the Sydney Development Control Plan 2012.

(23) CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN

- (a) A Construction Traffic Management Plan must be submitted to and approved by Council’s Area Planning Manager or Area Coordinator prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.
- (b) The Construction Traffic Management Plan must be prepared in accordance with the requirements published on the City’s website at:

<https://www.cityofsydney.nsw.gov.au/construction-permits-approvals/prepare-construction-traffic-management-plan>

- (c) The approved plan must be complied with during any demolition and/or construction work.

Reason

To ensure that the impacts of construction traffic is appropriately managed.

(24) BUILDING WORKS TO COMPLY WITH THE BUILDING CODE OF AUSTRALIA – HERITAGE BUILDINGS OR BUILDINGS WITHIN CONSERVATION AREA

Any building works required to ensure compliance with the Building Code of Australia or new building standards not specified in the submitted/approved plan must not damage existing fabric and building features. If such upgrading works have impact or potentially have impact on existing fabric and features, details of the works must be submitted and approved by Council's Area Planning Manager prior to issue of any Construction Certificate.

Reason

To ensure an appropriate heritage outcome.

(25) HERITAGE CONSERVATION WORKS

- (a) Prior to the issue of the Construction Certificate, a schedule of conservation works to be undertaken concurrent with the works is to be submitted to Council's Urban Design and Heritage Manager for approval.
- (b) The schedule is to detail the conservation of all fabric identified as having a heritage value, including but not limited to the following: street awning, stonework, brickwork, door and window joinery, glazing, hardware, pavements, tiling, roof plumbing, roofing and painting
- (c) The schedule is to be supported by outline specifications, methodologies and detailed architectural sections, elevations and plans at 1:20 and 1:5 scales. The details should incorporate any structural and/or building services design for the building.
- (d) The proposed works are to be carried out in a manner that minimises demolition, alterations and new penetrations/fixings to the significant fabric of the existing building.
- (e) All conservation and adaptation works are to be in accordance with the Articles of the Australian ICOMOS Burra Charter 2013. Appropriately qualified contractors and tradespersons are to be commissioned who are skilled in traditional building and engineering trades to carry out the proposed scope of works within the heritage building.
- (f) **INSPECTION AND APPROVAL:** The conservation works are to be progressively inspected by and be implemented to the satisfaction of Council's Urban Design and Heritage Manager prior to the issue of any

Occupation Certificate or commencement of the use, whichever is the earlier.

Reason

To ensure the carrying out of appropriate heritage conservation works.

(26) HERITAGE INTERPRETATION PLAN

- (a) An interpretation plan for the Green Park Hotel must be submitted to and approved by Council's Urban Design and Heritage Manager or Area Planning Manager prior to a Construction Certificate being issued. The plan is to be prepared by a suitably qualified and experienced heritage practitioner or historian.
- (b) The interpretation plan must detail how information on the history and significance of the Green Park Hotel will be provided for the public and make recommendations regarding public accessibility, signage and lighting. Public art, details of the heritage design, the display of selected artefacts are some of the means that can be used.
- (c) The plan must specify the location, type, making materials and contents of the interpretation device being proposed.
- (d) Prior to the issue of an Occupation Certificate, the approved interpretation plan must be implemented to the satisfaction of Council's Urban Design and Heritage Manager or Area Planning Manager.

Reason

To ensure that the heritage of the site is appropriately interpreted and incorporated into the development.

(27) PHOTOGRAPHIC ARCHIVAL DOCUMENTATION

Prior to a Construction Certificate being issued, an archival photographic recording of the Green Park Hotel is to be prepared to Council's satisfaction. The recording is to be in digital form and prepared in accordance with the NSW Heritage Division guidelines titled "Photographic Recording of Heritage Items using Film or Digital Capture". One copy of the record is to be submitted to Council to be lodged with Council's Archives.

The form of the recording is to be as follows:

- (a) The Development Application number must be noted on the submitted information.
- (b) Include a summary report detailing the project description, date and authorship of the photographic record, method of documentation and limitations of the photographic record.
- (c) Include written confirmation, issued with the authority of both the applicant and the photographer that the City of Sydney is granted a perpetual non-exclusive licence to make use of the copyright in all images supplied,

including the right to make copies available to third parties as though they were Council images. The signatures of both the applicant and the photographer must be included.

- (d) The report is to be submitted on a USB or digital file transfer in PDF/A format, (created directly from the digital original), with the digital catalogue of images containing the following data for each location, image subject/description and date.
- (e) The electronic images are to be taken with a minimum 8 megapixel camera, saved as JPEG TIFF or PDF files with a size of approximately 4-6MB, and cross referenced to the digital catalogue sheets and base plans. Choose only images that are necessary to document the process and avoid duplicate images.

Reason

To ensure appropriate archival documentation of the building.

(28) MECHANICAL VENTILATION

- (a) The premises must be ventilated in accordance with the *Building Code of Australia* and *AS1668.1 and AS1668.2 - The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings - Mechanical Ventilation in Buildings*.
- (b) Details of any mechanical ventilation and/or air conditioning system complying with *AS1668.1 and AS1668.2 - The Use of Ventilation and Air-conditioning in Buildings - Mechanical Ventilation in Buildings*, the *Building Code of Australia* and relevant Australian Standards must be prepared and certified in accordance with Clause A5.2(1)(e) of the *Building Code of Australia*, to the satisfaction of the Accredited Certifier prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate.
- (c) Prior to issue of any Occupation Certificate and following the completion, installation, and testing of all the mechanical ventilation systems, a Mechanical Ventilation Certificate of Completion and Performance in accordance with Clause A5.2(1)(e) of the *Building Code of Australia*, must be submitted to the Principal Certifier.

Reason

To ensure the ventilation complies with relevant standards.

(29) INSTALLATION OF DUAL-FLUSH TOILETS

All toilets installed within the development must be of water efficient dual-flush or other water-saving capacity with at least a 4-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). The details must be submitted for the approval of the Accredited Certifier, prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

Reason

To ensure the provision of water efficient toilets.

(30) INSTALLATION OF WATER EFFICIENT TAPS

All taps and shower heads installed must be water efficient with at least a 4-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). The details are to be submitted for the approval of the Principal Certifier, prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued.

Reason

To ensure the provision of water efficient taps.

(31) INSTALLATION OF WATER EFFICIENT URINALS

New urinal suites, urinals and urinal flushing control mechanisms must use waterless technology. Where it is submitted that this is not feasible, it must be demonstrated that products have been selected with at least a 4-star rating under the Water Efficiency and Labelling Scheme (WELS). Systems must include "smart controls" to reduce unnecessary flushing. Continuous flushing systems are not approved. Details are to be submitted to and approved by the Accredited Certifier, prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

Reason

To ensure the provision of water efficient urinals.

(32) UTILITY SERVICES

To ensure that utility authorities are advised of the development:

- (a) Prior to the issue of a Construction Certificate a survey is to be carried out of all utility services within and adjacent to the site including relevant information from utility authorities and excavation if necessary, to determine the position and level of services.
- (b) Prior to the commencement of work the applicant is to obtain written approval from the utility authorities (e.g. Energy Australia, Sydney Water, and Telecommunications Carriers) in connection with the relocation and/or adjustment of the services affected by the construction of the underground structure. Any costs in the relocation, adjustment or support of services are to be the responsibility of the developer.

Reason

To ensure that utility authorities are advised of the development and their approval is obtained in connection with the relocation and/or adjustment of services affected by the development.

(33) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT

- (a) The Waste and Recycling Management Plan accompanying this Development Application has not been approved by this consent.
- (b) A Waste and Recycling Management Plan, which meets the requirements as set out in Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New*

Developments 2018, is to be approved by the Principal Certifier prior to a Construction Certificate being issued.

UPON COMPLETION OF THE DEVELOPMENT

- (c) Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued or the use commencing, whichever is earlier, the Principal Certifier must ensure that waste handling works have been completed in accordance with: the Waste and Recycling Management Plan; other relevant development consent conditions; and Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018*.

Reason

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed.

PART C – BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF BUILDING WORK

(34) DEMOLITION, EXCAVATION AND CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT

- (a) Prior to the commencement of demolition and/or excavation work the following details must be submitted to and be approved by the Principal Certifier:
- (i) Plans and elevations showing distances of the subject building from the location of adjoining and common/party walls, and (where applicable) the proposed method of facade retention.
 - (ii) A Demolition Work Method Statement prepared by a licensed demolisher who is registered with the Work Cover Authority. (The demolition by induced collapse, the use of explosives or on-site burning is not permitted.)
 - (iii) An Excavation Work Method Statement prepared by an appropriately qualified person.
 - (iv) A Waste and Recycling Management Plan – Demolition and Construction for the demolition and or excavation of the proposed development. The plan is to include details of materials that will be excavated and their proposed destination or reuse.
 - (v) Plans and elevations showing the location, construction and installation of temporary site fencing and any temporary structures used in connection with the construction of the development.

Note: Temporary structures, including hoardings and scaffolding, proposed for erection on City-owned and controlled land (footways and roadways), must comply with Council's *Guidelines for Hoardings and Scaffolding* and be approved by Council under the provisions of the Local Government Act 1993 and the Roads Act 1993 prior to installation.

- (b) Such statements must, where applicable, be in compliance with AS2601-2001 Demolition of Structures, the *Work, Health and Safety Act, 2011* and Regulation; Council's *Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018*, the *Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act, 2001*, and all other relevant acts and regulations and must include provisions for:
- (i) A Materials Handling Statement for the removal of refuse from the site in accordance with the *Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act, 2001*.
 - (ii) The name and address of the company/contractor undertaking demolition/excavation works.
 - (iii) The name and address of the company/contractor undertaking off site remediation/disposal of excavated materials.
 - (iv) The name and address of the transport contractor.
 - (v) The type and quantity of material to be removed from site.

- (vi) Location and method of waste disposal and recycling.
 - (vii) Proposed truck routes, in accordance with this development consent.
 - (viii) Procedures to be adopted for the prevention of loose or contaminated material, spoil, dust and litter from being deposited onto the public way from trucks and associated equipment and the proposed method of cleaning surrounding roadways from such deposits. (Note: With regard to demolition of buildings, dust emission must be minimised for the full height of the building. A minimum requirement is that perimeter scaffolding, combined with chain wire and shade cloth must be used, together with continuous water spray during the demolition process. Compressed air must not be used to blow dust from the building site).
 - (ix) Measures to control noise emissions from the site.
 - (x) Measures to suppress odours.
 - (xi) Enclosing and making the site safe.
 - (xii) Induction training for on-site personnel.
 - (xiii) Written confirmation that an appropriately qualified Occupational Hygiene Consultant has inspected the building/site for asbestos, contamination and other hazardous materials, in accordance with the procedures acceptable to SafeWork NSW.
 - (xiv) An Asbestos and Hazardous Materials Clearance Certificate by a person approved by the SafeWork NSW.
 - (xv) Disconnection of utilities.
 - (xvi) Fire Fighting. (Fire fighting services on site are to be maintained at all times during demolition work. Access to fire services in the street must not be obstructed).
 - (xvii) Access and egress. (Demolition and excavation activity must not cause damage to or adversely affect the safe access and egress of the subject building or any adjacent buildings).
 - (xviii) Waterproofing of any exposed surfaces of adjoining buildings.
 - (xix) Control of water pollution and leachate and cleaning of vehicles tyres (proposals must be in accordance with the *Protection of the Environmental Operations Act, 1997*).
 - (xx) Working hours, in accordance with this development consent.
 - (xxi) Any SafeWork NSW requirements.
- (c) The approved work method statements and a waste management plan as required by this condition must be implemented in full during the period of construction.

- (d) All waste records from the recycling and/or disposal of any demolition and construction waste generated from the works must be retained on site. These records must be available for sighting on request by an authorised Council officer.

Reason

To ensure that impacts arising from demolition, excavation and construction are appropriately managed.

(35) ROAD OPENING APPLICATION

A separate road opening application under Sections 138/139 of the *Roads Act, 1993* must be submitted to and approved by Council prior to the commencement of any:

- (a) Excavation in or disturbance of a public way, or
- (b) Excavation on land that, if shoring were not provided, may disturb the surface of a public road (including footpath).

Reason

To ensure that approval under the Roads Act is obtained.

(36) DISPOSAL OF SURPLUS SALVAGED MATERIALS

Salvaged traditional building materials surplus to the requirements of this project, including any stone, bricks, structural timber, pressed metal ceilings, floorboards, staircases, and joinery, are to be sold to an established dealer in second-hand heritage building materials. Documentation of the salvage methodology must be submitted for the approval of Council's Area Planning Manager or Area Coordinator, prior to the commencement of demolition.

Reason

To ensure the salvaging and reuse of traditional building materials.

(37) RODENT TREATMENT PROGRAMME – PRE DEMOLITION AND/OR EXCAVATION

- (a) Prior to the commencement of any demolition and/or excavation works, a programme of baiting and monitoring of rodent activity is to be put in place at the site.
- (b) A licensed Pest Control Operative must carry out all pest control work and prepare a report, confirming that there is no evidence of any rodent activity at the site prior to the commencement of any works on site. The report must be submitted to and be approved/endorsed by Council's Area Coordinator or Area Planning Manager.

Reason

To ensure that the potential impact of rodents during the demolition, excavation and construction phase is appropriately managed.

(38) APPLICATION FOR HOARDINGS AND SCAFFOLDING INSTALLED ON OR ABOVE A PUBLIC ROAD AND OPERATING HOISTING DEVICES INCLUDING BUILDING MAINTENANCE UNITS OVER A PUBLIC ROAD

- (a) Where a hoarding and/or scaffolding (temporary structures) are proposed to be installed on or above a road reservation (footway and/or roadway), a separate application under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act, 1993* and Sections 138/139 of the *Roads Act, 1993* must be submitted to and approved by Council for such structures.
- (b) Where an approval (Permit) is granted allowing the placement of temporary structures on or above a public road the structures must comply fully with Council's *Hoarding and Scaffolding Policy; Guidelines for Hoardings and Scaffolding*; and the conditions of approval (Permit) granted including:
 - (i) maintaining a current and valid approval for the full duration that the temporary structure/s is in place;
 - (ii) maintaining temporary structure/s in a structurally sound and stable condition for the full duration of installation (Clause 2.11.1);
 - (iii) bill posters and graffiti being removed within 24 hours of their placement (Clause 2.11.2);
 - (iv) maintaining temporary structures and the public place adjoining the work site in a clean and tidy condition including repainting and/or repair of graphics (Clauses 2.11.1, 2.11.4, 2.14.1 and 3.9.3);
 - (v) maintaining a watertight deck (Type B hoardings) to prevent liquids including rainwater, falling onto the footway/roadway surfaces (Clauses 3.9.1 and 3.9.4);
 - (vi) approved site sheds on the decks of a Type B hoarding being fully screened from the public place (Clause 3.9.5);
 - (vii) material and equipment not being placed or stored on the deck of Type B hoardings, unless specifically approved by Council (Clause 3.9.4);
 - (viii) providing and maintaining operational artificial lighting systems under Type B hoardings including at high-bay truck entry points (Clause 3.9.9); and
 - (ix) ensuring all required signage, artwork or historic images are provided and fully maintained to the City's requirements (Clauses 3.4, 3.9.3, 3.9.6, 3.9.8, 3.10.1 and 4.2).

If it is proposed to operate a hoisting device including a building maintenance unit above a public road which swings, hoists material/equipment and/or slews/wind vanes any part of the device over the public road, a separate

application under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act, 1993* and Sections 138/139 of the *Roads Act, 1993* must be made to Council to obtain approval.

Note: 'Building maintenance unit' means a power-operated suspended platform and associated equipment on a building specifically designed to provide permanent access to the faces of the building for maintenance (*Work Health and Safety Regulation, 2017*).

Reason

To ensure the necessary approval is obtained for temporary structures over a public road.

(39) OTHER APPROVALS

Any activity which is proposed to be undertaken in, on or above a road reserve or the public domain (including a public footway) must have separate approval(s) obtainable through the lodgement of an application under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act, 1993* and/or Section 138/139 of the *Roads Act, 1993* prior to the commencement of work/activities within the road reserve/public domain. Such activities include but not limited to:

- (a) installation of construction-related temporary structures including hoardings/scaffolding;
- (b) installation and/or alterations to advertising/business signs;
- (c) installation and/or alterations to street awnings;
- (d) crane operation and other hoisting activities;
- (e) temporary works (e.g. barricading, road openings, mobile hoisting devices);
- (f) works zones (for loading and unloading from the roadway); and
- (g) temporary ground anchoring and shoring to support a roadway when excavating; and
- (h) any other structure or encroachment including facade elements/architectural features.

Reason

To ensure use of a public place is managed appropriately.

(40) STREET TREE PRUNING

- (a) The consent from Council's Tree Management Officer must be obtained prior to the undertaking of any street tree pruning works including tree roots greater than 30mm diameter. Only minor pruning works will be approved by Council.

- (b) Any pruning that has been approved by Council, must be carried out by a qualified Arborist (AQF3), and must be in accordance with AS4373 Australian Standards 'Pruning of Amenity Trees'.

Reason

To ensure that approval is obtained for any pruning works to the City's street trees and that such works are carried out in an appropriate manner.

PART D – WHILE BUILDING WORK IS BEING CARRIED OUT

(41) HOURS OF WORK AND NOISE

The hours of construction and work on the development must be as follows:

- (a) All work, including building/demolition and excavation work, and activities in the vicinity of the site generating noise associated with preparation for the commencement of work (e.g. loading and unloading of goods, transferring of tools etc.) in connection with the proposed development must only be carried out between the hours of 7.30am and 5.30pm on Mondays to Fridays, inclusive, and 7.30am and 3.30pm on Saturdays, with safety inspections being permitted at 7.00am on work days, and no work must be carried out on Sundays or public holidays.
- (b) All work, including demolition, excavation and building work must comply with the City of Sydney Code of Practice for Construction Hours/Noise 1992 and Australian Standard 2436 - 2010 Guide to Noise Control on Construction, Maintenance and Demolition Sites.
- (c) Notwithstanding the above, the use of a crane for special operations, including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on-site tower cranes which warrant the on-street use of mobile cranes outside of above hours can occur, subject to a separate application being submitted to and approved by Council under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act, 1993* and Sections 138/139 of the *Roads Act, 1993*.

Note: Works may be undertaken outside of hours, where it is required to avoid the loss of life, damage to property, to prevent environmental harm and/or to avoid structural damage to the building. Written approval must be given by the Construction Regulation Team, prior to works proceeding

The *City of Sydney Code of Practice for Construction Hours/Noise 1992* allows extended working hours subject to the approval of an application in accordance with the Code and under Section 4.55 of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979*.

Reason

To protect the amenity of the surrounding area.

(42) ASBESTOS REMOVAL WORKS

- (a) All works removing asbestos containing materials must be carried out by a suitably licensed asbestos removalist duly licensed with Safework NSW, holding either a Friable (Class A) or a Non-Friable (Class B) Asbestos Removal Licence which ever applies.

A copy of the relevant licence must be made available to any authorised Council officer on request within 24 hours.

- (b) Five days prior to the commencement of licensed asbestos removal, Safework NSW must be formally notified of the works. All adjoining

properties and those opposite the development must be notified in writing of the dates and times when asbestos removal is to be conducted. The notification must identify the licensed asbestos removal contractor and include a contact person for the site together with telephone number and email address.

- (c) All work must be carried out in accordance with the *Work Health and Safety Regulation, 2017* and the NSW Government and SafeWork NSW document entitled *How to manage and control asbestos in the work place: Code of Practice (Safework NSW) December 2011* and the *City of Sydney Managing Asbestos Policy dated 21 October 2013 and associated guidelines*.
- (d) The asbestos removalist must use signs and barricades to clearly indicate the area where the asbestos removal work is being performed. Signs must be placed in positions so that people are aware of where the asbestos removal work area is and should remain in place until removal is completed and clearance to reoccupy has been granted. Responsibilities for the security and safety of the asbestos removal site and removal must be specified in the asbestos removal control plan (where required). This includes inaccessible areas that are likely to contain asbestos.
- (e) Warning signs must be placed so they inform all people nearby that asbestos removal work is taking place in the area. Signs must be placed at all of the main entry points to the asbestos removal work area where asbestos is present. These signs must be weatherproof, constructed of light-weight material and adequately secured so they remain in prominent locations. The signs must be in accordance with AS 1319 -1994 *Safety Signs for the Occupational Environment* for size, illumination, location and maintenance.
- (f) Asbestos waste must only be transported and disposed of at an EPA licensed waste facility.
- (g) No asbestos products are to be reused on the site (i.e. packing pieces, spacers, formwork or fill etc).
- (h) No asbestos laden skips or bins are to be left in any public place without the written approval of Council.
- (i) A site notice board must be located at the main entrance to the site in a prominent position and must have minimum dimensions of 841mm x 594mm (A1) with any text on the notice to be a minimum of 30 point type size.

The site notice board must include the following:

- (i) contact person for the site;
- (ii) telephone and facsimile numbers and email address; and
- (iii) site activities and time frames.

Reason

To ensure that the handling and removal of asbestos from the site is appropriately managed.

(43) NOTIFICATION OF EXCAVATION WORKS OR USE OF HIGH NOISE EMISSION APPLIANCES/PLANT

The immediately adjoining neighbours must be given a minimum of 48 hours notice that excavation, shoring or underpinning works or use of high noise emission appliances / plant are about to commence.

Reason

To protect the amenity of the surrounding area.

(44) SITE NOTICE OF PROJECTS DETAILS AND APPROVALS

A site notice is to be prominently displayed at the boundary to each frontage of the site for the purposes of informing the public of appropriate project details and relevant approvals. The notice(s) is to satisfy all of the following requirements:

- (a) Minimum dimensions of the notice are to measure 841mm x 594mm (A1) with any text on the notice to be a minimum of 30 point type size;
- (b) The notice is to be durable and weatherproof and is to be displayed throughout the construction period;
- (c) A copy of the first page of the development approval, building approval (including any modifications to those approvals) and any civic works approvals is to be posted alongside the notice in weatherproof casing;
- (d) The approved hours of work, the Principal Certifier including contact address and certification details, the name of the site manager, the responsible managing company, its address and 24 hour contact phone number for any enquiries, including construction/noise complaint, and the estimated date of completion of the project are to be displayed on the site notice;
- (e) The notice(s) is to be mounted at eye level on the perimeter hoardings and is also to state that unauthorised entry to the site is not permitted.
- (f) All notices and signs must be displayed in locations as specified in the City's Guidelines for Hoardings and Scaffolding.

Reason

(Prescribed condition *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation, 2000*).

(45) USE OF HIGH NOISE EMISSION APPLIANCES / PLANT

- (a) The operation of high noise emission appliances, plant and/or machinery such as pile – drivers, rock breakers and hydraulic hammers and those which are not listed in Groups B, C, D, E or F of Schedule 1 of the *City of*

Sydney Code of Practice for Construction Hours/Noise 1992 and *Australian Standard 2436-2010 Guide to Noise Control on Construction, Maintenance and Demolition Sites* is restricted to the hours of:

- (i) 9.00am-12.00pm and 1.00pm-4.00pm Mondays to Fridays;
 - (ii) 9.00am-1.00pm on Saturdays; and
 - (iii) No work is permitted on Sundays or Public Holidays.
- (b) All reasonable and feasible steps must be undertaken to ensure that the work, including demolition, excavation and building complies with the *City of Sydney Code of Practice for Construction Hours/Noise 1992* and *Australian Standard 2436- 2010 Guide to Noise Control on Construction, Maintenance and Demolition Sites*.

Reason

To protect the amenity of the surrounding area.

(46) EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

Where less than 250 square metres are being disturbed, no formal plan is required however, the site is to be provided with sediment control measures and these must be implemented so that sediment, including soil, excavated material, building material or other materials cannot fall, descend, percolate, be pumped, drained, washed or allowed to flow to the street, stormwater system or waterways.

Reason

To ensure that appropriate erosion and sediment control measures are put in place during construction to protect the environment.

(47) CLASSIFICATION OF WASTE

Prior to the exportation of waste (including fill or soil) from the site, the waste materials must be classified in accordance with the provisions of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act 1997* and the *NSW DECC Waste Classification Guidelines, Part1: Classifying Waste (July 2009)*. The classification of the material is essential to determine where the waste may be legally taken. The *Protection of the Environment Operations Act, 1997* provides for the commission of an offence for both the waste owner and the transporters if the waste is taken to a place that cannot lawfully be used as a waste facility for the particular class of waste. For the transport and disposal of industrial, hazardous or Group A liquid waste advice should be sought from the EPA.

Reason

To ensure that waste from site is classified and disposed of appropriately.

(48) IMPORTED FILL MATERIALS

All fill imported onto the site must be validated to ensure the imported fill is suitable for the proposed land use from a contamination perspective. Fill imported on to the site shall also be compatible with the existing soil characteristic for site drainage purposes.

The City may require details of appropriate validation of imported fill material to be submitted with any application for future development of the site. Hence all fill imported onto the site should be validated by either one or both of the following methods during remediation works:

- (a) Imported fill must be accompanied by documentation from the supplier which certifies that the material is not contaminated based upon analyses of the material for the known past history of the site where the material is obtained; and/or
- (b) Sampling and analysis of the fill material shall be conducted in accordance with NSW EPA (1995) Sampling Design Guidelines.

Reason

To ensure that imported fill is not contaminated.

(49) NOTIFICATION – NEW CONTAMINATION EVIDENCE

Council's Area Planning Manager and the Principal Certifier must be notified of any new information which comes to light during remediation, demolition or construction works which has the potential to alter previous conclusions about site contamination.

Reason

To ensure that the site is appropriately remediated.

(50) STOCKPILES

- (a) No stockpiles of soil or other materials must be placed on footpaths or nature strips unless prior approval has been obtained from the City's Construction Regulation Team.
- (b) All stockpiles of soil or other materials must be placed away from drainage lines, gutters or stormwater pits or inlets.
- (c) All stockpiles of soil or other materials likely to generate dust or odours must be covered.
- (d) All stockpiles of contaminated soil must be stored in a secure area and be covered if remaining more than 24 hours.

Reason

To ensure that stockpiles of soil or other materials are appropriately managed.

(51) COVERING OF LOADS

All vehicles involved in the excavation and/or demolition process and departing the property with demolition materials, spoil or loose matter must have their loads fully covered before entering the public roadway.

Reason

To ensure loads are managed appropriately and do not impact local amenity.

(52) EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL

During the construction period:

- (a) erosion and sediment controls must be regularly inspected, repaired and maintained in working order sufficient for a 10 year Average Recurrence Interval (ARI) rainfall event;
- (b) erosion and sediment control signage available from Council must be completed and attached to the most prominent structure visible at all times when entering the site for the duration of construction; and
- (c) building operations and stockpiles must not be located on the public footway or any other locations which could lead to the discharge of materials into the stormwater system.

Reason

To ensure no substance other than rainwater enters the stormwater system and waterways.

(53) HAZARDOUS AND INDUSTRIAL WASTE

Hazardous and/or industrial waste arising from the demolition/operational activities must be removed and/or transported in accordance with the requirements of the NSW Work Cover Authority pursuant to the provisions of the following:

- (a) *Protection of the Environment Operations Act, 1997*
- (b) *Protection of the Environment Operations (Waste) Regulation, 2005*
- (c) *Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Act, 2001*
- (d) *Work Health and Safety Act, 2011*
- (e) *Work Health and Safety Regulation, 2017.*

Reason

To ensure hazardous/ industrial waste is managed appropriately.

(54) VEHICLE CLEANSING

Prior to the commencement of work, suitable measures are to be implemented to ensure that sediment and other materials are not tracked onto the roadway by vehicles leaving the site. It is an offence to allow, permit or cause materials to pollute or be placed in a position from which they may pollute waters.

Reason

To ensure sediment is not tracked onto the roadway.

(55) ARCHAEOLOGICAL DISCOVERY DURING EXCAVATION

- (a) Should any relics be unexpectedly discovered on the site during excavation, all excavation or disturbance to the area is to stop immediately and the Heritage Council of NSW should be informed in accordance with section 146 of the *Heritage Act, 1977*.
- (b) Should any Aboriginal objects be unexpectedly discovered then all excavation or disturbance of the area is to stop immediately and NSW Government Office of Environment and Heritage is to be informed in accordance with Section 89A of the *National Parks and Wildlife Act, 1974*.
- (c) Should any archaeological remains or Aboriginal objects be discovered, a copy of recording of the finds and the final archaeological summary report is to be submitted to Council prior to the issue of any Occupational Certificate.
- (d) If the discovery is on Council's land, Council must be informed.

Reason

To ensure that the archaeology of the site is appropriately managed and protected.

(56) USE OF HERITAGE CONSULTANT

- (a) A heritage consultant experienced in heritage restoration and renovation works is to be commissioned to work with the consultant team throughout the design development, contract documentation and construction stages of the project. The heritage consultant is to be involved in the resolution of all matters where existing significant fabric and spaces are to be subject to preservation, restoration, reconstruction, adaptive reuse, recording and demolition. The heritage consultant is to be provided with full access to the site and authorised by the applicant to respond directly to Council where information or clarification is required regarding the resolution of heritage issues throughout the project. Evidence and details of the above commission on the above terms are to be submitted to Council's Area Coordinator or Area Planning Manager prior to commencement of work on site.
- (b) The heritage consultant must sign off the completed project and submit a final report to Council's Area Coordinator or Area Planning Manager specifying how the heritage conditions are satisfied prior to the issue of

any Occupation Certificate or the commencement of the use, whichever is earlier.

Reason

To ensure that the implementation of the approved development is carried out in a manner that does not have adverse heritage impacts.

(57) STREET TREE PROTECTION

All street trees located directly outside the site must be retained and protected in accordance with the Australian Standard 4970 Protection of Trees on Development Sites. All street trees must be protected during the construction works as follows:

- (a) Tree trunk and major limb protection must be undertaken prior to the commencement of any works (including demolition). The protection must be installed and certified by a qualified Arborist (AQR Level 3) and must include:
 - (i) An adequate clearance, minimum 250mm, must be provided between the structure and tree branches, and trucks at all times.
 - (ii) Tree trunk/s and/or major branches must be protected by wrapped thick underlay carpet or similar padding material to limit damage, and
 - (iii) Timber planks (50mm x 100mm or similar) must be placed around tree trunk/s. The timber planks must be spaced at 100mm intervals and must be fixed against the trunk with tie wire, or strapping. The thick underlay carpet or similar padding material and timber planks must not be fixed to the tree in any instance, or in any fashion.
 - (iv) Tree trunk and major branch protection is to remain in place for the duration of construction and development works and must be removed at the completion of the project.
- (b) Temporary signs, or any other items, shall not be fixed or attached to any street tree.
- (c) All hoarding support columns are to be placed a minimum of 300mm from the edge of the existing tree pits/setts, so that no sinking or damage occurs to the existing tree pits. Supporting columns must not be placed on any tree roots that are exposed.
- (d) Young street trees must be protected by installing three (3) wooden stakes around the edge of the tree pits or a minimum of 1 metre from the base of the trunk. Hessian must be wrapped around the stakes. If existing stakes or a metal tree guard are already in place, these suffice as tree protection.
- (e) Materials or goods, including site sheds, must not be stored or placed:
 - (i) around or under the tree canopy; or
 - (ii) within two (2) metres of tree trunks or branches of any street trees.

- (f) Any excavation within any area known to or suspected of having tree roots greater than 30mm diameter must be undertaken by hand.
- (g) Any trenching works for services, hydraulics, drainage etc. must not be undertaken within proximity to the trunk of any street tree. Alternate installation methods for services such as directional boring/drilling or redirection of services must be employed where roots greater than 30mm diameter are encountered during installation of any services.
- (h) Existing sections of kerbs adjacent to any street tree must not be removed without approval from the Council's Tree Management Officer.
- (i) Any damage sustained to street tree/s as a result of the erection of any construction activities (including demolition) must be immediately reported to the Council's Tree Management Officer on 9265 9333. Any damage to street trees as a result of any construction activities may result in prosecution under the *Local Government Act, 1993* and the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act, 1979*.

Reason

To ensure the protection and ongoing health of the street trees.

(58) LOADING AND UNLOADING DURING CONSTRUCTION

The following requirements apply:

- (a) All loading and unloading associated with construction activity must be accommodated on site, where possible.
- (b) If, it is not feasible for loading and unloading to take place on site, a Works Zone on the street may be considered by Council.
- (c) A Works Zone may be required if loading and unloading is not possible on site. If a Works Zone is warranted an application must be made to Council at least 8 weeks prior to commencement of work on the site. An approval for a Works Zone may be given for a specific period and certain hours of the days to meet the particular need for the site for such facilities at various stages of construction. The approval will be reviewed periodically for any adjustment necessitated by the progress of the construction activities.
- (d) Where hoisting activity over the public place is proposed to be undertaken including hoisting from a Works Zone, a separate application under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act, 1993* and Sections 138/139 of the *Roads Act, 1993* must be submitted to and approved by Council.

Reason

To protect the amenity of the public domain.

(59) NO OBSTRUCTION OF PUBLIC WAY

Unless otherwise approved by Council, the public way must not be obstructed by any materials, vehicles, waste receptacles, skip-bins or the like. Non-compliance with this requirement may result in the issue of a notice by Council to stop all work on the site.

Reason

To protect the amenity of the public domain.

(60) USE OF MOBILE CRANES

The following requirements apply:

- (a) Mobile cranes operating from the road must not be used as a method of demolishing or constructing a building.
- (b) For special operations including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on site tower cranes which warrant the on-street use of mobile cranes, permits must be obtained from Council for the use of a mobile crane. The permits must be obtained 48 hours beforehand for partial road closures which, in the opinion of Council will create minimal traffic disruptions and 4 weeks beforehand in the case of full road closures and partial road closures which, in the opinion of Council, will create significant traffic disruptions.
- (c) The use of a crane for special operations, including the delivery of materials, hoisting of plant and equipment and erection and dismantling of on site tower cranes which warrant the on-street use of mobile cranes outside of approved hours of construction can occur, subject to a separate application being submitted to and approved by Council under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act, 1993* and Sections 138/139 of the *Roads Act, 1993*.

Reason

To ensure mobile cranes are used appropriately.

(61) WASTE AND RECYCLING MANAGEMENT – DEMOLITION AND CONSTRUCTION WASTE

- (a) The proposal must comply with the relevant provisions of Council's Guidelines for Waste Management in New Developments 2018 which requires facilities to minimise and manage waste and recycling generated by the proposal.
- (b) Demolition waste must be contained and stored within the boundaries of the development.
- (c) Waste dockets are to be retained to confirm and verify which facility received the material for recycling or disposal.

- (d) Waste dockets are to be retained to confirm and verify that at least eighty percent (80%) of demolition material diverted from landfill for re-use and recycling.

PART E – BEFORE THE ISSUE OF AN OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE

(62) WASTE AND RECYCLING COLLECTION CONTRACT

Prior to any Occupation Certificate being issued, the building owner must ensure that there is a contract with a licensed contractor for the removal of all waste. Waste is to be stored and collected from within the curtilage of the site at all times.

Reason

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed.

PART F – OCCUPATION AND ONGOING USE

(63) OCCUPATION CERTIFICATE TO BE SUBMITTED

An Occupation Certificate must be obtained from the Principal Certifier and a copy submitted to Council prior to commencement of occupation or use of the whole or any part of a new building, an altered portion of, or an extension to an existing building.

Reason

To ensure the site is authorised for occupation.

(64) ANNUAL FIRE SAFETY STATEMENT FORM

An annual Fire Safety Statement must be given to Council and Rescue NSW commencing within 12 months after the date on which the initial Interim/Final Fire Safety Certificate is issued or the use commencing, whichever is earlier.

Reason

To ensure annual checks on fire safety measures.

(65) EMISSIONS

- (a) The use of the premises must not give rise to the emission of gases, vapours, dusts or other impurities which are a nuisance, injurious or prejudicial to health.
- (b) Gaseous emissions from the development must comply with the requirements of the *Protection of the Environment Operations Act, 1997* and *Protection of the Environment Operations (Clean Air) Regulation, 2010*.
- (c) Uses that produce airborne particulate matter must incorporate an effective dust collection system.

Reason

To protect the amenity of the surrounding area.

(66) HOURS OF OPERATION

The hours of operation are restricted to between 8.00am and 10.00pm, Monday to Sunday.

Reason

To ensure the premises operates within the approved hours of operation.

(67) NOISE – COMMERCIAL PLANT / INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT

- (a) Noise from commercial plant and industrial development must not exceed a project amenity/intrusiveness noise level or maximum noise level in accordance with relevant requirements of the NSW EPA [Noise Policy for Industry 2017 \(NPfI\)](#) unless agreed to by the City's Area Planning Manager. Further:
- (i) Background noise monitoring must be carried out in accordance with the long-term methodology in [Fact Sheet B](#) of the NPfI unless otherwise agreed by the City's Area Planning Manager.
 - (ii) Commercial plant is limited to heating, ventilation, air conditioning, refrigeration and energy generation equipment.
- (b) An $L_{Aeq,15 \text{ minute}}$ (noise level) emitted from the development must not exceed the $L_{A90, 15 \text{ minute}}$ (background noise level) by more than 3dB when assessed inside any habitable room of any affected residence or noise sensitive commercial premises at any time. Further:
- (i) The noise level and the background noise level must both be measured with all external doors and windows of the affected residence closed.
 - (ii) Background noise measurements must not include noise from the development but may include noise from necessary ventilation at the affected premise.
- (c) Corrections in [Fact Sheet C](#) of the NPfI are applicable to relevant noise from the development measured in accordance with this condition, however duration corrections are excluded from commercial noise.

Reason

To protect the acoustic amenity of surrounding properties.

(68) ENCROACHMENTS – NEIGHBOURING PROPERTIES

No portion of the approved development shall encroach onto the adjoining properties.

Reason

To protect neighbouring properties.

(69) ENCROACHMENTS – PUBLIC WAY

No portion of the approved development, including gates and doors during opening and closing operations, but excluding the existing awning, shall encroach upon Council's footpath area.

Reason

To protect the public way.

(70) UNDER AWNING LIGHTING

Any under awning lighting must be fitted with LED lighting technology (or other technology with an improved lighting power density – watts per square metre). Batten type fluorescent lighting is not approved. Illumination from the under awning lighting, when measured from any place in the public domain, must be designed and certified to comply with the following:

- (a) the maximum horizontal luminance level must not exceed 200 lux including light spill from shop windows. Lux level may be increased to 220 lux in some areas in Central Sydney CBD;
- (b) the horizontal illuminance uniformity ratio (E_{avg}/E_{min}) must not exceed 4:1 to ensure safe movement of pedestrians;
- (c) the intensity, colour, period of intermittency and hours of illumination must be varied if adverse impact or Obtrusive Light in accordance with the definition in Australian Standard AS4282-1997 *Control of the obtrusive effects of outdoor lighting* is being caused to the amenity of the area;
- (d) where nearby residents are located above the level of the under awning lighting, details are to be provided to show that light is not directed upwards toward such residences.

Reason

To ensure the provision of an appropriate level of illumination and to protect the amenity of the public domain.

(71) AWNING MAINTENANCE

The awning must be inspected and regular maintenance be carried out to ensure the awning's structural integrity, aesthetic and functional qualities are maintained.

Reason

To ensure that awnings are appropriately maintained.

(72) WASTE/RECYCLING COLLECTION - COMMERCIAL

- (a) Waste storage and the collection of waste and recycling must only occur during the designated zone collection times as outlined in the City's Waste Policy – Local Approvals Policy for Managing Waste in Public Places 2017.
- (b) Commercial service arrangements for waste and recycling collection must be conducted in accordance with the City's Waste Local Approvals Policy.

Reason

To ensure that waste and recycling is appropriately managed.

SCHEDULE 2

PRESCRIBED CONDITIONS

The prescribed conditions in accordance with Division 8A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation, 2000* apply to the development.

Refer to the New South Wales State legislation for full text of the clauses under Division 8A of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation, 2000*. This can be accessed at: <http://www.legislation.nsw.gov.au>.

IMPORTANT ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Advisory notes:

1. It is advised that the City of Sydney Neighbourhood Parking Policy may apply to this development. Eligibility for parking permits for residents or users of the development will be determined by the terms of this policy or subsequent future policies.

The Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 requires you to:

1. Obtain a **Construction Certificate** prior to the commencement of any works. An application may be lodged with Council, or you may apply to a private accredited certifier for a Construction Certificate. An accredited certifier **must obtain Council's approval** to certain conditions of this development consent, where indicated before issuing the Construction Certificate.

1. ***It is compulsory to lodge digital copies of applications, including plans and documentation if lodging an application with Council. Please refer to Council's website for any further information about digital requirements and electronic files.***

Note: All applications must be lodged via the NSW Planning Portal.

2. Nominate a **Principal Certifier** which may be either Council or a registered certifier and notify Council of that appointment. You **cannot lawfully** commence works without complying with this requirement. Appointment must be made through the Planning Portal <https://www.planningportal.nsw.gov.au/>.
3. Give Council at least two days notice of your intention to commence the erection of a building **before** commencing construction works. You cannot lawfully commence works without complying with this requirement.
4. Obtain an **Occupation Certificate** before commencing occupation or commencing to use the building or on the completion of other works including the erection of a sign. You cannot lawfully commence occupation or the use of a building without complying with this requirement.

You may also need to:

5. Obtain approval through the lodgement of an application under Section 68 of the *Local Government Act 1993* and Section 138 of the *Roads Act 1993* for an activity which is proposed to be undertaken in, on or above a road reservation (including footways). Such activities include:
 - (a) building elements/façade features;
 - (b) installation of hoardings/scaffolding;
 - (c) installation and/or alterations to advertising/business signs and street awnings;
 - (d) crane operation and other hoisting activities;
 - (e) temporary works (e.g.: barricading, road openings, mobile hoisting devices);
 - (f) works zone (for loading and unloading from the roadway); and
 - (g) temporary ground anchoring and shoring to support a roadway when excavating.

Application forms are available on the City's website.

6. Lodge an **Application for Subdivision** to obtain a **Subdivision Certificate** if a land (including stratum) subdivision is proposed and an Application for Subdivision to obtain **Strata Title Subdivision** under the relevant Strata Titles Act if strata title of the development is proposed.
7. Comply with the Food Act 2003, the Australia New Zealand Food Standards Code, Australian Standard 4674 – 2004, and register the business with Council if the premises is used for the manufacture, preparation, packing, storing, conveying or delivering of food or beverage for sale.
8. Contact Sydney Water regarding the water and sewerage services to this development. For further information go to www.sydneywater.com.au.
9. Carry out critical stage inspections in accordance with Section 6.5 of the EP&A Act 1979 and clauses 61, 63 and 65 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment (Development Certification and Fire Safety) Regulation.